

French Resource – Week 6

Macy Scott

Bonjour! I hope everyone is safe and well after the winter weather! I know that the past week has been challenging for many students. There are many resources on campus for those of you who may have lost electricity/water. Please visit the following website for daily updates on weather conditions, health services, dining options, and more:

<https://www.baylor.edu/mediacommunications/news.php?action=story&story=222000>

If anyone has any questions about anything at all, whether it is about French classes or the current weather conditions, please reach out! Have a great week, and I'm praying for you all.

WEEK SIX:

Listed below are some of the concepts that students in FRE 1301 will be learning the week of *February 22 – 26*:

Keywords:

- *Seasons*
- *Family members*

1. Seasons

Learning weather and the seasons is so much fun, in my opinion! Ask yourself, “*Quel temps-fait-il?*” and familiarize yourself with this expression. Texas weather is always crazy, so there's a variety of ways you can answer this question in your in-person and WebEx/Zoom sessions with your classmates. To practice, ask your peers how the weather was yesterday, today, and what it will be tomorrow as an idea of how to participate effectively in class! If you are struggling to remember the vocabulary that goes with this lesson, use this helpful website:

<https://www.lingohut.com/en/v72792/french-lessons-weather-and-seasons>

The website listed above has almost every vocab word and phrase that you could possibly think of that has to do with the weather and seasons. It also says the phrases aloud, has flashcards, and has games to help you learn the concepts! It's super awesome, and y'all should check it out!

Additionally, here are two charts that you can reference as you study:

French Weather Expressions

il fait beau <i>it's nice out</i>	il fait orageux <i>it's stormy out</i>
il fait chaud <i>it's hot out</i>	il fait du vent <i>it's windy out</i>
il fait frais <i>it's cool out</i>	il fait du brouillard <i>it's foggy out</i>
il fait mauvais <i>it's bad weather</i>	il fait nuageux <i>it's cloudy out</i>
il fait humide <i>it's humid out</i>	il neige <i>it's snowing</i>
il fait du soleil <i>it's sunny out</i>	il pleut <i>it's raining</i>
il fait froid <i>it's cold out</i>	il bruine <i>it's drizzling</i>

Source: Weather Expressions (www.frenchlearner.com/vocabulary/weather/)



Source: French Seasons and Months Poster ([pinterest.com](https://www.pinterest.com))

2. Family members

Try not to stress about this unit! Thankfully, learning the members of the family in French is primarily memorization. Using a visual chart can be helpful to jog your memory in remembering this family titles. **Remember** to use possessive adjectives while you study to remind yourself that using the correct masculine/feminine adjective is important. Here is a good chart to use as you review (notice that “moi” is you, and the family members and adjectives are relative to the you).



Source: Family Members in French (duolingo.com)


Don't forget that the possessive adjective must describe the *family member*, not the individual. For example, if the person described in a situation is a woman, she would use “**mon** oncle” to describe her uncle (because the uncle is masculine, even though the woman isn't).

Additionally, here is a YouTube video by YouLearnFrench that discusses all of the members of the family across three generations.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xINK6C-DE8k>

Another helpful way to assist you learning this unit could be by drawing your own family tree. You can practice by describing your own family members by writing and speaking the French word that describes each member of your family. There's a worksheet below that you can use to test your knowledge of family members in relation to each other. Use this as a practice! There are additional worksheets on Google or on lessonplanet.com that you can use to test yourself.

The Family Lesson Plan



French Quiz #1

1. Knowing that Rémi is number 15 in this family tree, can you fill in the blanks and answer the questions with the right French family member names or the right numbers?

- a. Le numéro 12 s'appelle Philippe. C'est le/laf'..... de Rémi.
- b. Les grands-parents de Rémi sont les numéros et.....
- c. Pour François (numéro 13), le père de Rémi, qui est Philippe ? C'est son
- d. Pour François et Philippe, qui sont les numéros 9, 10 et 11 ? Ce sont leurs et.....
- e. Qui est le numéro 2 pour les numéros 9, 10 et 11 ? C'est leur
- f. Qui est Marie, le numéro 9, pour les numéros 3 et 4 ? C'est leur
- g. Le numéro 10 s'appelle Marc, c'est le..... des numéros 3 et 4.
- h. Qui est le numéro 3 pour Rémi ? C'est sa

Visit www.PimsleurApproach.com for more free French language learning resources
Pimsleur Approach

Source: French Quiz (lessonplanet.com)

Let me know if you have any questions this week! Have a great day!

Merci beaucoup,
Macy Scott